# Good Morning!



Please sit at your assigned table.

# Inaugural CHIC Catalyst Showcase

February 12, 2020





# Welcome!

fentiten, fannet

# **CENTER FOR CARE INNOVATIONS**

CCI transforms health and health care for underserved populations by inspiring, teaching and spreading innovation among the organizations that serve them



# **OUR PARTNERS**



The Colorado Health Foundation<sup>™</sup>



COLORADO HEALTH ACCESS FUND

The Denver Foundation







## ASPEN LABS – OUR TEACHING & COACHING PARTNERS

Aspen Labs unleashes positive change in health and social sectors by unearthing the true needs of people and creating impactful solutions either directly or by empowering change agents across all facets of society.



# **Colorado Health Innovation Community**

- 1. Clinica Family Health
- 2. Every Child Pediatrics
- 3. Jefferson Center for Mental Health
- 4. Melissa Memorial Hospital
- 5. Mental Health Center of Denver
- 6. Solvista Health
- 7. STRIDE Health Center



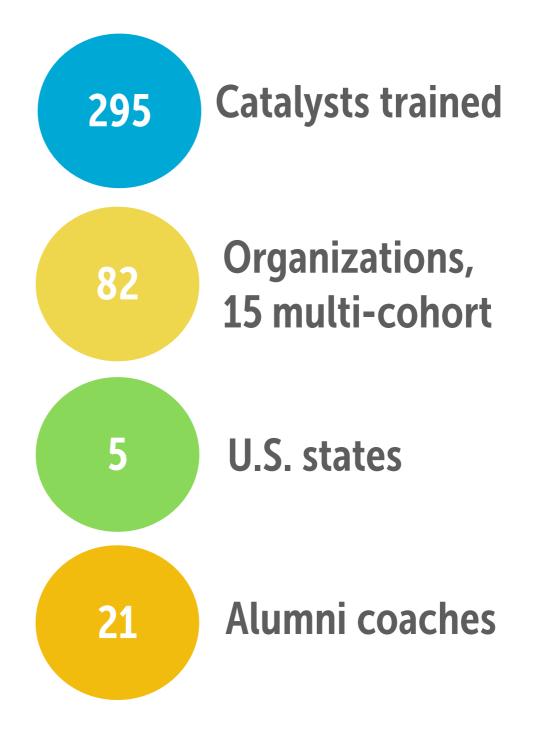
### Goals for Colorado Health Innovation Community

- 1. Build a network of innovation leaders focused on the needs of the underserved in CO
- 2. Build innovation capabilities
- Pilot innovative solutions to meet critical needs and spread to others
- 4. Learn together & share what works with broader community

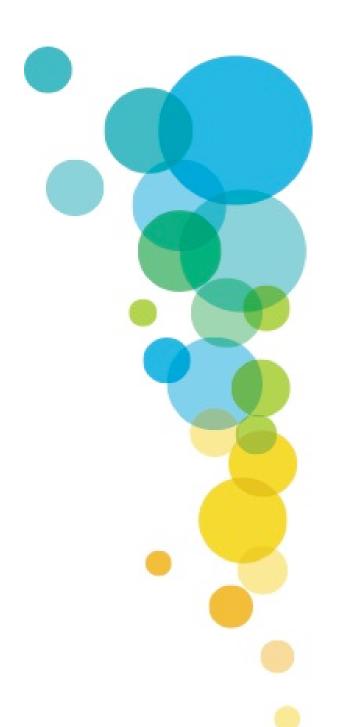


# **IMPACT OF CATALYST**

- **1.** Hands-on, phased training.
- 2. Protected time to apply learning to a project that matters.
- 3. Ongoing support from people with practical experience.
- 4. Funding to offset expenses.



### Showcase Agenda



8:45 am	Welcome & Introductions
9:25 am	<b>Transition to Breakout Rooms</b>
9:40 am	Catalyst Showcase
11:10 am	Transition to Main Room
11:20 am	Showcase Reflection
11:40 am	Cultivating an Innovation Culture at your Organization
12:40 am	Lunch
1:40 pm	<b>Program Reflection &amp; Evaluation</b>
2:00 pm	End



# Special Welcome to Guest Reactors & Team Sponsors!

ining: Session 1 | 2020 | Center for Queeline

### **Welcome Guest Reactors**





### Welcome Team Sponsors!



One reason why you're excited for your colleagues to be learning humancentered design skills...

Catalyst Training: Session 3 | 2020 | Center for Care Innovations

# Principles of Presentation Critique

### Points of feedback: Assess the pitch's effectiveness



- Share your feedback on the effectiveness & power of their communication using the "I like, I wish, I wonder" method.
  - Overall, was the presentation effective?
  - Were the visuals, stories & numbers effective in helping make the case?
  - Are they succinct and clear in the points they are making?
  - What is the most powerful part?
  - Where did they lose you?

### I like, I wish, I wonder...



A method that frames feedback in a constructive and positive manner, enabling an open discussion.



- In "I like..." statements, users are encouraged to share aspects of the presentation they liked.
- In "I wish..." statements, users are encouraged to share ideas on how the presentation can be improved.
- In "I wonder..." statements, users are encouraged to share ideas that provoke curiosity about the presentation.

# **Transition to Breakout Rooms**

Room assignments can be found on your agenda.

You also have a colored dot on your nametag that corresponds to your breakout room.

Find a CCI staff member that has the same colored dot poster and they will guide you to your destination.

### Presentations start at 9:40 am.



# **Showcase Reflection**

ining: Session 1 🔰 2020 📔 Center for Gare han ow

# Cultivating an Innovation Culture at your Organization

### MICROCLIMATES FOR INNOVATION

Intro to the Research

Christi Zuber, PhD, MHA, RN

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atalyst Training: Session 1/ 1/ 2020 | Center for Care Innovations

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### **GAP IN LITERATURE**



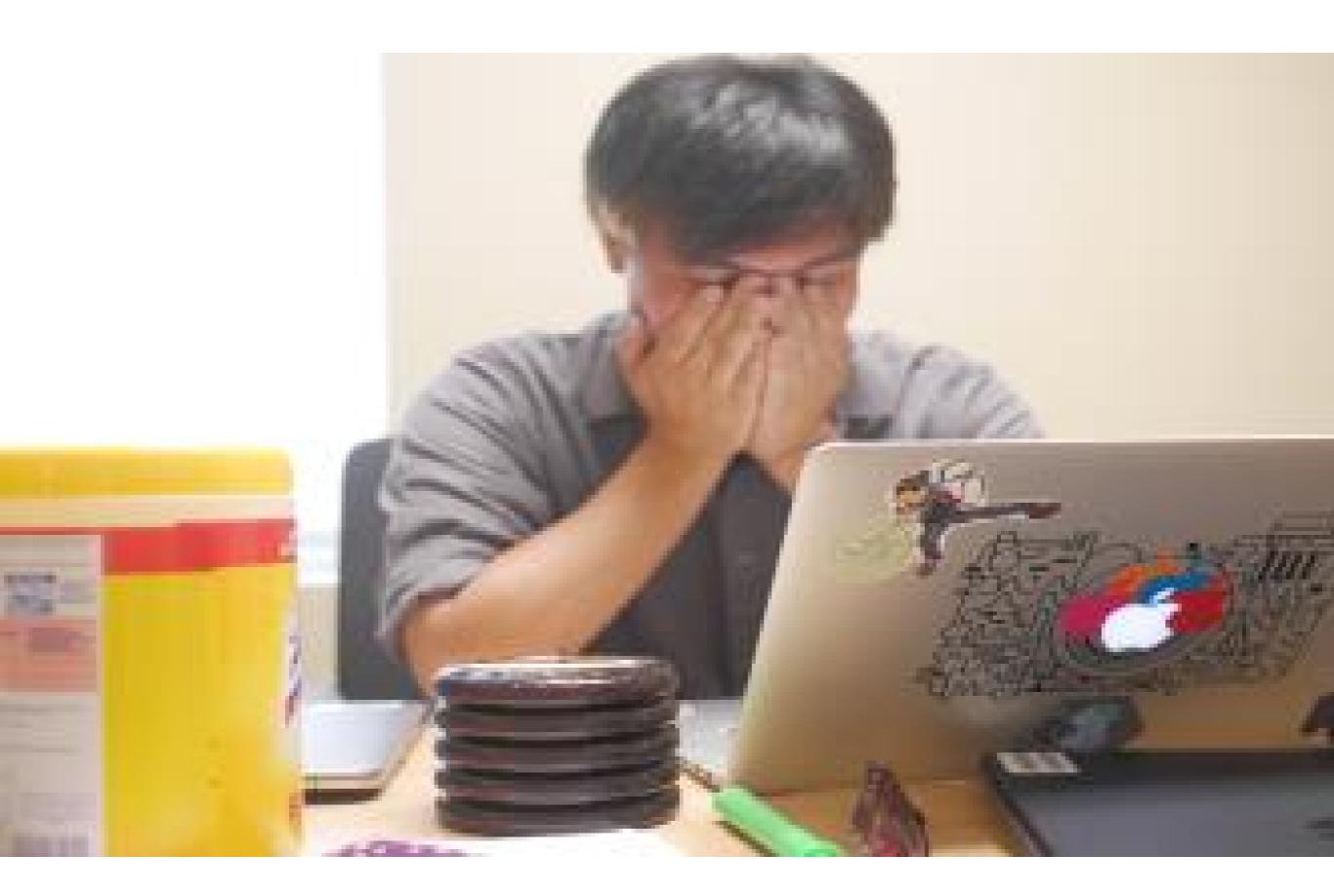
- INNOVATION IN HEALTHCARE IS WORTHWHILE (BESSANT AND MAHER 2009, CHRISTENSEN 2009, LÄNSISALMI ET AL. 2006), YET
  CONDUCTING IT IS VERY COMPLEX (BOHMER 2010, CRESSWELL ET AL. 2017, DUNCAN AND BRESLIN 2009, STRINGER 2000, ROBERTS ET
  AL. 2016). WHILE IDENTIFIED AS A CRITICAL COMPONENT FOR SUCCESS, THE WORKFORCE IS NOT NATURALLY EMPOWERED OR
  EDUCATED TO CREATE CHANGES (BERWICK ET AL. 2008, CRESSWELL ET AL. 2017).
- THE USE OF DESIGN METHODS FOR INNOVATION CHALLENGES HAS BEEN STUDIED AND FOUND TO BE A SUCCESSFUL WAY TO APPROACH INNOVATION (BECKMAN AND BARRY 2007, CARLGREN 2013, LIEDTKA AND OGILVIE 2011, LIEDTKA 2015, MARTIN, 2009, SEIDEL AND FIXSON 2013, 2015)

HOWEVER...

• THERE WAS A LACK OF EMPIRICAL RESEARCH ON HOW TO ACTUALLY BUILD THESE CAPABILITIES WITHIN INDIVIDUALS OR THE WIDER ORGANISATION (BÖRJESSON AND ELMQUIST 2011, CARLGREN 2013, SEIDEL & FIXSON 2013, 2015).







### **RESEARCH FOCUS**



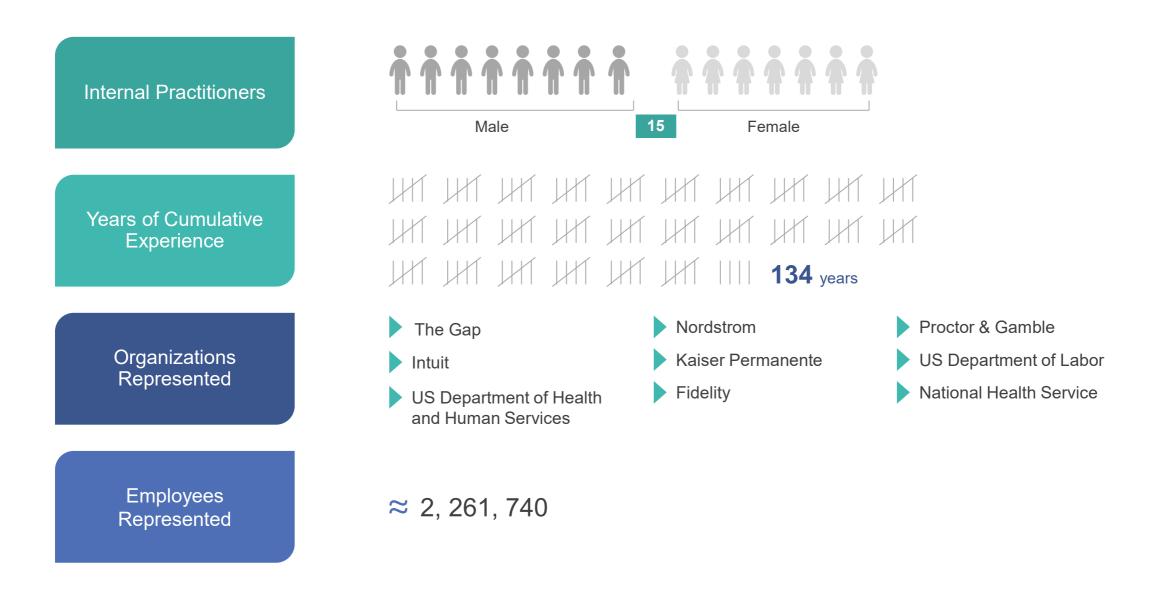
Use of design as a thought process in large organizations (aka "Human Centered Design")

Empowering individuals to become champions of innovation and change

To explore and create actionable approaches for leaders to build a workforce capacity to learn and apply HCD to create positive change.



### **RESEARCH PARTICIPANTS**



### METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK



Epistemology	Pragmatist stance Schön 1983, Talisse 2002
Study Design	Deweyan approach Dewey 1938, Talisse 2002
Strategy	Grounded theory Glaser and Strauss 1967, Strauss 1987, Strauss and Corbin 1998
Methodological Fit	Qualitative Edmondson and McManus 2007
Time Horizon	Cross sectional & longitudinal Levin 2006, Pettigrew 1990
Data Collection	Field research interviews, design tools, and ethnography Edmonson and McManus 2007, Savin-Baden and Major 2013
Analytical Approach	Thematic coding & iterative user feedback Braun and Clarke 2006, Dewey 1938, Savin-Baden and Major 2013,

# OBSERVATIONS

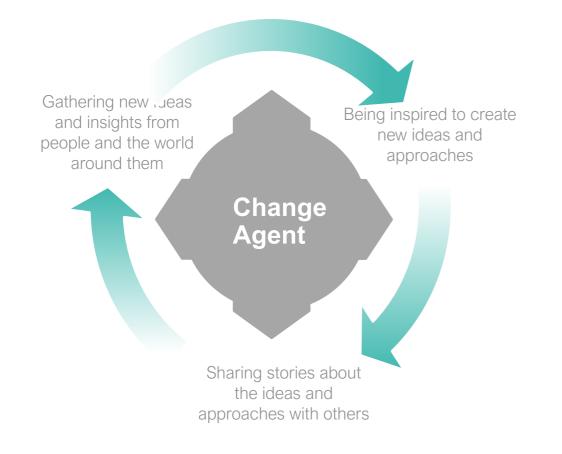
- Don't go it alone, have a partner and an advocate
- Approach building design thinking capabilities as a change in behavior – small steps, small wins
- Play and trust create environments that draw people in and make them better, together

He allows me to work differently than the rest of the organization. I still have some of the same work as everyone else, but he gives me just enough freedom for me to grow my ability and my teams ability so we can show people what this can really do.



MEMOR

# OBSERVATIONS



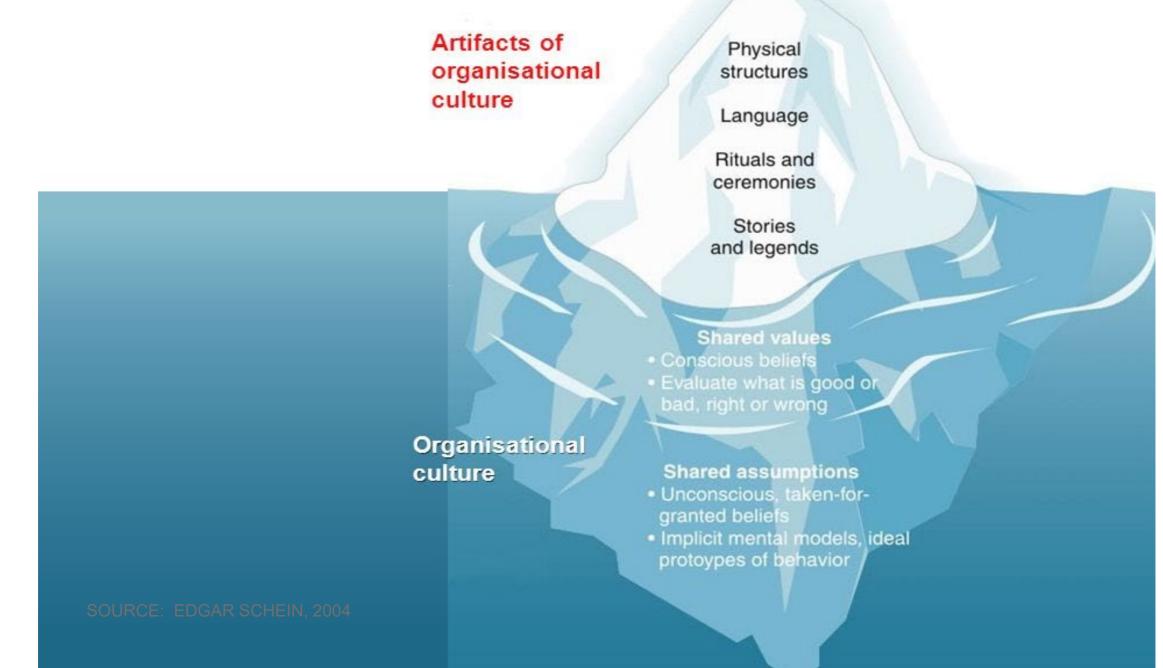
- Demonstrate a deep passion and interest for people
- **Freely share stories** verbally and physically
- **Scaffold** ideas and invite contribution

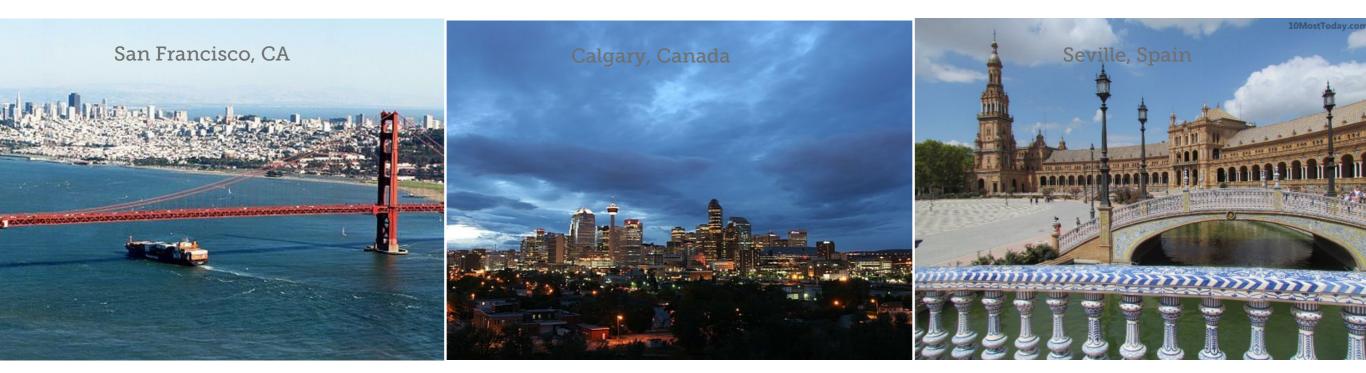
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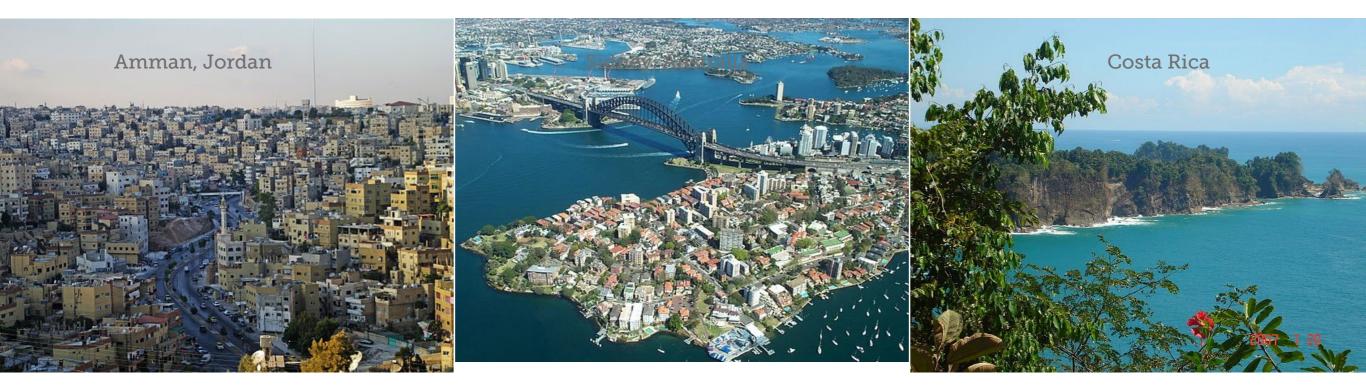
- Improvise and mix methods and approaches together to make it accessible and familiar
  - I was trying and trying to explain to the group what I was talking about with our service line.

I finally got up and literally acted out the experience with a colleague. They got it. After a little laughter mind you, but they got it!

### Reflection







# MICROCLIMATE MODEL

#### **Microclimate Model**

Overarching combination of advocate support and protection along with enabling conditions and change agent behaviours. Together they create the ability for HCD to flourish in a group of people, despite it not being a predominant culture of the broader organization.

#### Conditions

#### ADVOCATE

Leverage support for time, resources, and protection to work differently than predominant organizational culture.

#### PARTNER

Have a partner for emotional support and to work together.

#### PLAY

Create a playful and trusting workplace for contributors.

#### CAPACITY BUILDING

Begin with small low risk projects, and build up as desired skills, mindsets and behaviors increase.

#### Behaviours

#### CONNECTING

Display deep curiosity and commitment to people.

#### IMPROVISING

Mix together methods of design with methods for change, lean, and others when needed.

#### STORYTELLING

Share experiences and work verbally and visually.

#### SCAFFOLDING

Offer up ideas and examples to start and to refine the work.

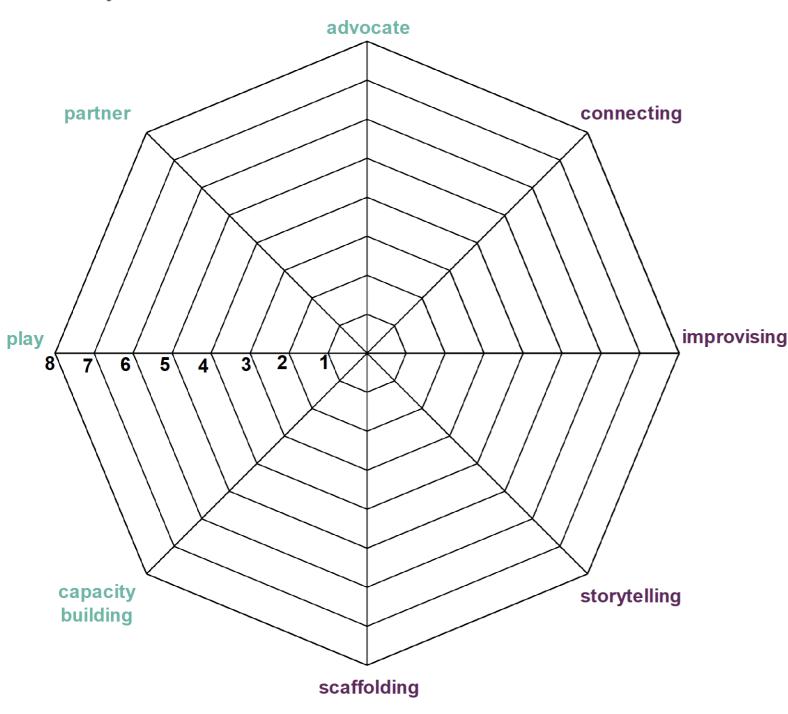


Zuber, Christi PhD Thesis; Zuber, C.D. and Moody, L., 2016. Learning from the best: unpacking the journey of organizational design thinking leaders. In 20th International Design Management Research Conference.

### MICROCLIMATE FOR INNOVATION

#### Self-Assessment Activity and Discussion

- Review the Microclimates for Innovation Model
- Plot where you or your team are on the spider chart for each component. 1=low and 8=high
- Discuss where, in your opinion, you and/or your team land in the diagram. What are the implications of this? Where would you like to be? What would you/your team could begin to do to get you to that point?



### Microclimate Model

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ASPEN LABS
 Zuber, C. PhD Thesis (2017); Zuber, C. and Moody, L. (2016). Learning from the Best: Unpacking the Journey of Organizational Design Thinking Leaders. DMI Academic Conference Paper, July.

8 min to review 10 min to share

### **BREAK OUT DISCUSSIONS**

### Sponsors/Advocates and Team Change Agents

Christi Zuber, PhD, MHA, RN

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### **Microclimates for** Innovation

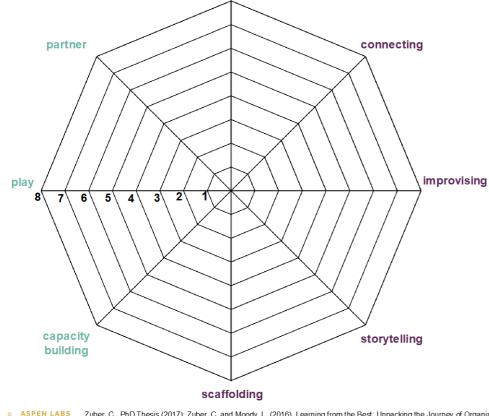
advocate

#### MICROCLIMATE FOR INNOVATION

Self-Assessment Activity and Discussion



What would you/your team could begin to do to get you to that point?



#### **Microclimate Model**

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CAPACITY BUILDING Begin with small low risk projects, and build up as desired skills, mindsets and behaviors increase.

**Behaviours** CONNECTING

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methods for change, lean, and others when needed.

STORYTELLING Share experiences and work verbally and visually.

SCAFFOLDING Offer up ideas and examples to start and to refine the work

On a scale from 1-8, make 2 ratings for each of these conditions and behaviors:



8 min to review

10 min to share

Place a circle where your organization currently is \* Star where you would like

for it to be

1= this is not at all, or very rarely, present 8 = what you do is a best practice and should be shared with others broadly

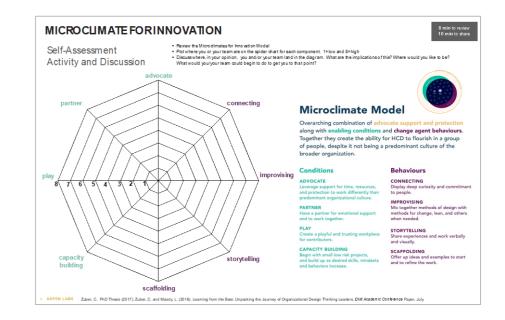
Note if your lens for this exercise is "the organization" vs a specific area/group within your organization

ASPEN LABS Zuber, C. PhD Thesis (2017); Zuber, C. and Moody, L. (2016). Learning from the Best: Unpacking the Journey of Organizational Design Thinking Leaders. DMI Academic Conference Paper, July

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### Microclimates for Innovation

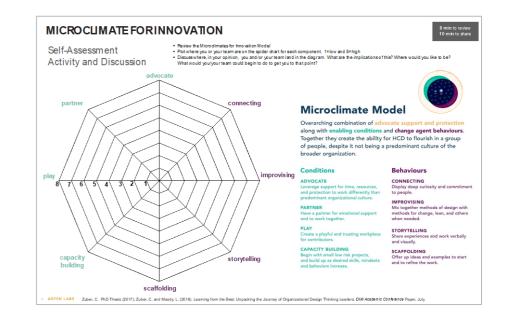
Debrief your response. Discuss each condition or behavior one at a time.



- Share your "lens" (org, dept, other group, etc) and pick one of the 8 areas to share as a starting point.
- "I rated this as a X for the current state and Y for the desired future state, and this is why..."
- Give each person a minute to share then have a full conversation about it compared to what others did – What's different? What's alike? Why is that?
- Move on to the next condition or behavior of your choice

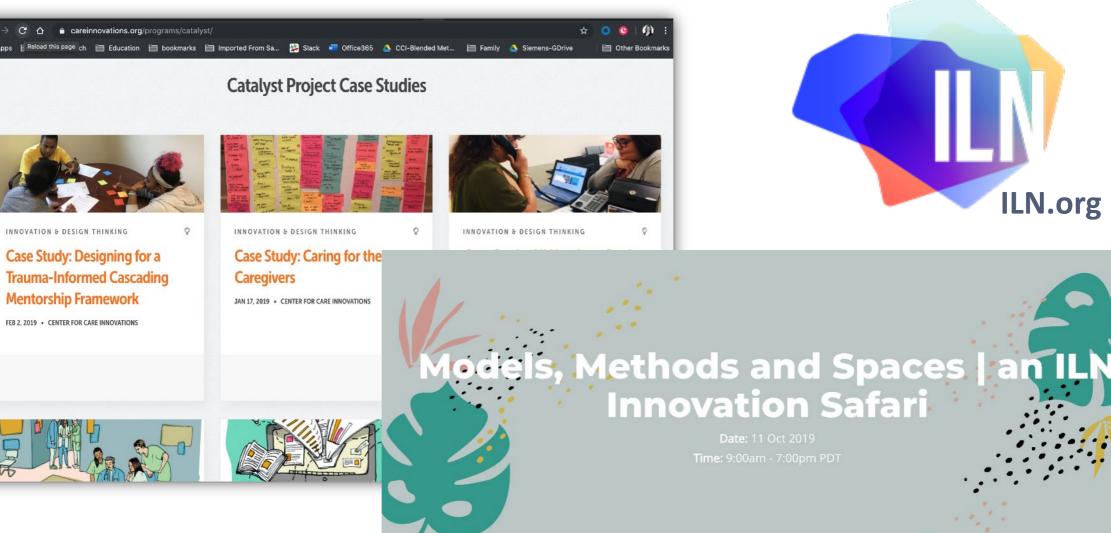
### Microclimates for Innovation

Reflect on the bigger picture. Discuss thoughts and action steps:



- When you look at your current state and desired future state, what are your thoughts?
- What is your best strength or point of leverage to move forward?
- What puts you most at risk for not achieving your future state?
- How can the network here at CHIC help in your journey?
- What is an initial step to move you forward that you could do by next week?

## **Microclimates Enhancers**



## Microclimates for Innovation: need and engagement



My expertise is medicine. We're part-timers when it comes to design and innovation. And what we want are things that make us REALLY good part-timers.

- Physician Leader -



"

I was about to leave it all. I'm in my 50's and I was going to leave my current job (in technology) and go to school...I wanted to see if I could find meaning again. My friends thought I was crazy.

Then I found this type of work and I feel like I can make a difference again. I'm back in the game again and I'm happy for the first time... in a very long time.

- IT manager and project lead-



# The nature of change is changing

#### • LET'S KEEP EVOLVING OUR APPROACHES TO CHANGE WITH IT

 $\bigcirc$ 

Christi Zuber PhD, RN Managing Director, Aspen Labs & Innovation Learning Network Faculty, Northwestern University

@czuber christi@aspenlabsnetwork.co m www.aspenlabsnetwork.com Some readings...

## Nurs Admin Q Vol. 00, No. 00, pp. 1-14 Copyright © 2017 Wolters Kluwer Health, Inc. All rights reserved. Creativity and Innovation

Tapping Into Organizational Enablers in Health Care Through Human-Centered Design Cbristi Dining Zuber, MHA, RN; Louise Moody, PbD, BSc

There is an increasing drive in health care for creativity and innovation to tackle key health chal-lenges, improve quality and access, and reduce harm and costs. Human-centered design (HCD) is a There is an increasing drive in health care for creativity and innovation to tackle key health chai-lenges, improve quality and access, and reduce harm and costs. Human-centered design (HCD) is a potential approach to achieving organizational innovation. However, prepare supposes the outring lenges, improve quality and access, and reduce harm and costs. Human-centered design (HCD) is a potential approach to achieving organizational innovation. However, research suggests the nursing workforce feels unsupported to take the risks needed for innovation. and leaders may not underpotential approach to achieving organizational innovation. However, research suggests the nursing workforce feels unsupported to take the risks needed for innovation, and leaders may not underworkforce feels unsupported to take the risks needed for innovation, and leaders may not under-stand the conditions required to fully support them. The aim of this study was to identify enabling conditions that support frontline nurses in their attempts to behave as champions of innovation stand the conditions required to fully support them. The aim of this study was to identify enabling conditions that support frontline nurses in their attempts to behave as champions of innovation and change. An HCD workshop was undertaken with 125 nurses employed in clinical practice at conditions that support frontline nurses in their attempts to behave as champions of innovation and change. An HCD workshop was undertaken with 125 nurses employed in clinical practice at Kaiser Permanente. The workshop included empathy mapping and semistructured nuestions that and change. An HCD workshop was undertaken with 125 nurses employed in clinical practice at Kaiser Permanente. The workshop included empathy mapping and semistructured questions that probed participant experiences with innovation and change. The data were collated and thematic Kaiser Permanente. The workshop included empathy mapping and semistructured questions that probed participant experiences with innovation and change. The data were collated and thematic analysis undertaken through a Grounded Theory approach. The data were analyzed to identify probed participant experiences with innovation and change. The data were collated and thematic analysis undertaken through a Grounded Theory approach. The data were analyzed to identify the mabling conditions. Seven enablers emerged: personal need for a solution: challenges that

analysis undertaken through a Grounded Theory approach. The data were analyzed to identify key enabling conditions. Seven enablers emerged: personal need for a solution; challenges that have meaningful purpose; clarity of goal and control of resources; active experimentation; experikey enabling conditions. Seven enablers emerged: personal need for a solution; challenges that have meaningful purpose; clarity of goal and control of resources; active experimentation; experi-ences indicating progresses positive encoursement and confidence, and provision of neuropolecological have meaningful purpose; clarity of goal and control of resources; active experimentation; experi-ances indicating progress; positive encouragement and confidence; and provision of psychological safety. These enablers were then translated into pragmatic guidelines for leaders on how the troat ences indicating progress; positive encouragement and confidence; and provision of psychological safety. These enablers were then translated into pragmatic guidelines for leaders on how the tools of HCD may be leveraged for innovation and change in health care. **Key words**: *design tools*. safety. These enablers were then translated into pragmatic guidelines for leaders on how the tools of HCD may be leveraged for innovation and change in health care. **Key words:** *design tools*, empathy. *buman-centered design. innovation and change. nursing leadership. brototybing* of HCD may be leveraged for innovation and change in health care. **Key words:** design too empathy, buman-centered design, innovation and change, nursing leadership, prototyping

When we first think of creative organizations, design firms, advertising agencies, or tech startuesign jirms, auventising agencies, or teco surr ups typically come to mind. Building a creative ups typically come to minu. Duilding a creative workforce takes more than biring a bunch of

Author Affiliations: Innovation Consultancy, Autor Allitations: innovation Consultancy, Kaiser Permanente, Oakland California (Ms Zuber); Aspen Labs LLC (Ms Zuber); and School of Art and Proton Consultant Theorem the Consultant Proton Aspen Laus LLC (MS Zuber); and Schoot of Art ( Design, Coventry University, Coventry, United Kingdom (Ms Zuber and Dr Moody). No funding bas been received by NIH, Wellcome Trust, No funding bas been received by NIH, Wellcome Trust, HIMMI, or any other entity for this work. Appreciation goes to Coventry University for support-ing this work with specific thanks to the United Nurses Association of California (UNAC) and the Union of

designers and bosting bappy bours. It requires a

ausigners and bosing ouppy cours a requirement of the set shift that begins with leadership. I've observed leadership styles across diverse industries: teams in financial services, working with frontline customer support; bealth care organizations, improving patient experiences; and tech companies, learning new ways to retain talent. These team leaders didn't come from "creative" backgrounds-they weren't innovation experts, designers, or writers; they were sales leaders, buman resource specialists, and software engineers. And they led their orgaand software engineers. And wey ted werr organizations in ways that allowed every individual

to participate creatively and arrive at better Your even when the bath was unclear.

20th DMI: Aca demic Design Management Conference Inflection Point: Design Research Meets Design Practice Boston, USA, 22-29 July 2016 Learning from the Best: Unpacking the Journey of Organizational Design Thinking Leaders Christi DINING ZUBER<sup>a</sup>, Louise MOODyo <sup>a</sup>Coventry University and Kaiser Permanente; <sup>b</sup>Coventry University Organizationally empowered people who can successfully create teams of design winkers to tackle long-term challenges, is a coveted situation in the design field. Organizationally empowered people who can successfully create teams of design thinkers to tackle long-term challenges, is a coveted situation in the design of design field. thinkers to tackle long-term challenges, is a coveted situation in the design field. While research has primarily focused on the organizational level, little has focused on the individuals who have achieved this goal. Inspired by a personal journey as an While research has primarily focused on the organizational level, little has focused internal oractitioner. this study reveals exactioned by a personal journey as an individuals who have the individuals who have achieved this goal. Inspired by a personal journey of a study reveals experiences of individuals who have a successfully set un design thinking martices within large arganizations. internal practitioner, this study reveals experiences of individuals who has successfully set up design thinking practices within large organizations. Personal narratives were anthered using semi-structured interviews <sup>Iccessfully set up design thinking practices within large organizations.</sup> Personal narratives were gathered using semi-structured interviews and personal wirney maps. Multiple design thinking leaders from nine organizations ranging from Personal narratives were gathered using semi-structured interviews and personal journey maps. Multiple design thinking leaders from nine organizations ranging from healthcare to aovernment to financial services reflect holistically on their own life journey maps. Multiple design thinking leaders from nine organizations ranging for healthcare to government to financial services reflect holistically on their organizations ranging for torv as well as their arannizational evaluations to lowernee becime Thinking reading for healthcare to government to financial services reflect holistically on their own life story as well as their organizational experiences to leverage Design Thinking as an aroach to innovation and creativity. Poach to innovation and creativity. These narratives were analyzed to surface seven common conditions and ware. These findings are discussed in more detail along with the fledging These narratives were analyzed to surface seven common conditions and viors. These findings are discussed in more detail along with the fledging theory of the seven common context form a "microclimate" ors. These findings are discussed in more detail along with the fledging theory these behaviors and surrounding supporting context form a "microcling theory larger organization. concluding the engine on annotation that these annotatives held engine the engine of the e

these behaviors and surrounding supporting context form a "microcimat larger organization, concluding that these approaches help enable where design thinking approaches to accur. The study affers a set of larger organization, concluding that these approaches help enable the viture design thinking approaches to occur. The study offers a set of a inform and antentially elevante the anartice of others set of others set of the set of th Neure design trinneng approaches to occur. The study affers a set of and rendirate their surress In competency; organizational change; design thinking; internal

Development of a Design Competence Model for Learners of Human-Centered Design

Peristi Zuber, PhDc, RN Aspen Labs LLC and Coventry University

impetence and attempting to perform it within an organization not only takes wily influenced by the real-world context of day-to-day work culture and ptions. The little-understood world of learning Human- Centered Design an organization is studied over one year in inside of a group of healthcare through a training and mentoring program called the "Innovation Catalyst

ghts and personal narratives are gathered by studying learners and their coaches in observations and conversations. A dynamic story unfolds as those who are learning approaches for organizational innovation are coached by those with many years of ence on the topic. These same participants provide feedback on the frameworks

e result of this Longitudinal Grounded Theory field study is a new actionable model for nderstanding experiences and approaches to learning HCD within the context of an organization, a novel approach to assessing development, and ultimately, a way to empower individuals with the mindsets and skillsets of HCD for real-world challenges. Keywords: human-centered design, capability development, innovation, design thinking, healthcare, Design

Competence

#### Research has focused on how design thinking, or Human-Centered Design, can build Literature Review innovation capability in an organization (Carlgren, 2014), but little has focused on the capabilities and experiences from an individual learner's perspective within an organizational setting (Seidel and Fixson, 2014). Studies of students have explored how novice multidisciplinary teams learn and successfully practice HCD in an academic setting (Seidel and

# Lunch

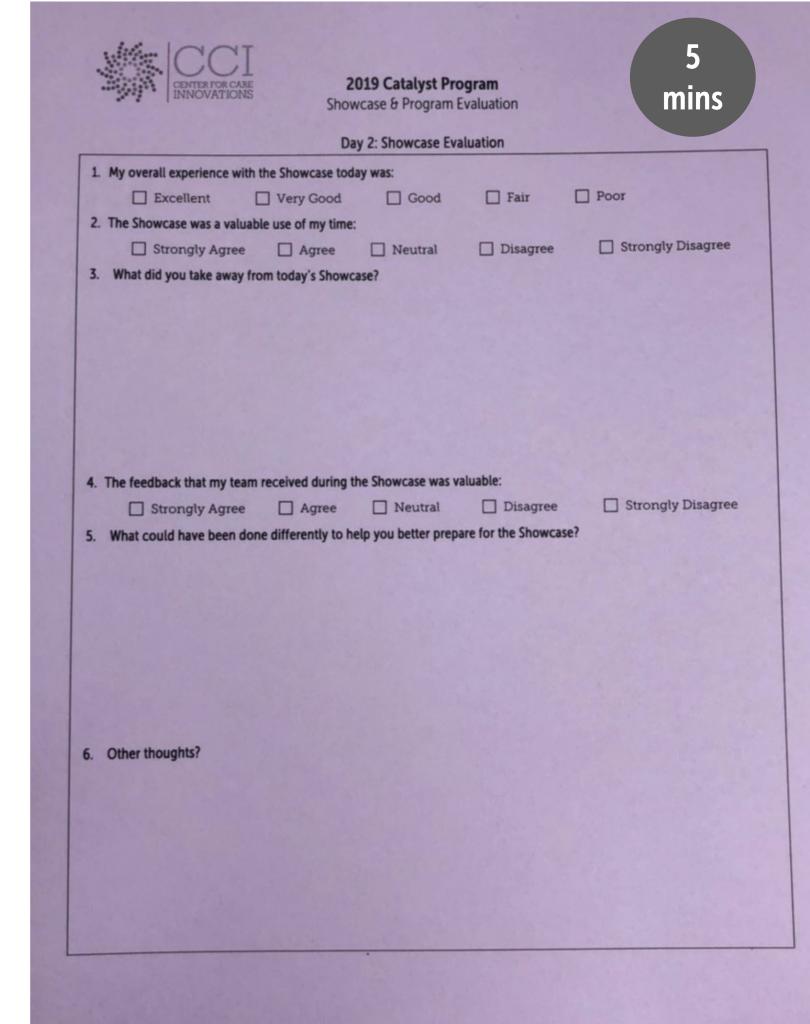
### **Team Sponsors & Team Discuss Microclimate Reflections**

- How did you score you current vs future states?
- Where do you see differences?
- What does that mean or what are the implications of that?
- What ideas do you have to do to get to a shared future state?

# **Program Reflections & Evaluations**

ining: Session 1 🔰 2020 📔 Center for Que innova

# Thank you for the gift of feedback.





We'd love to hear your thoughts on Catalyst...

## Likes... (or loves!)

## Wishes...

Wonders....



Center for Care Innovations 2018 / 45



#### Form trios (1 min)

First 'client':

- Describe what you want help on (1 min)
- Consultants ask clarifying questions (1 min)
- Client *turns back* on consultants and listens as they *talk to each other* about suggestions, ideas or ways to reframe the challenge (3 mins)
- Client faces consultants and thanks them or follows-up on key items (1 min)

Repeat with each person getting a consultation (typically 6-7 mins per round)

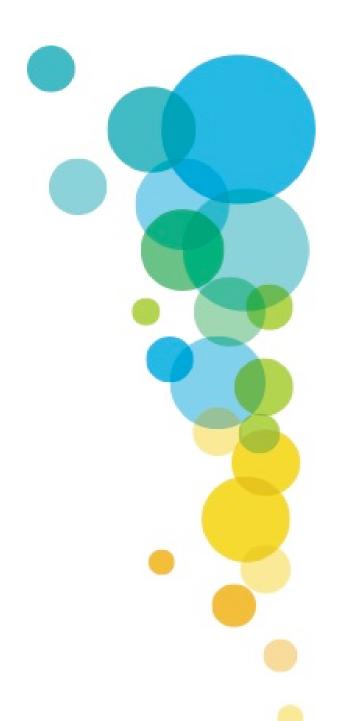


Think about the work you have done throughout the catalyst program. What is something you would like some advice about as you think about continuing to build innovation into your organization?



This will be a chance to tap into the imaginations of your neighbors, so be bold!

Ask for the moon.

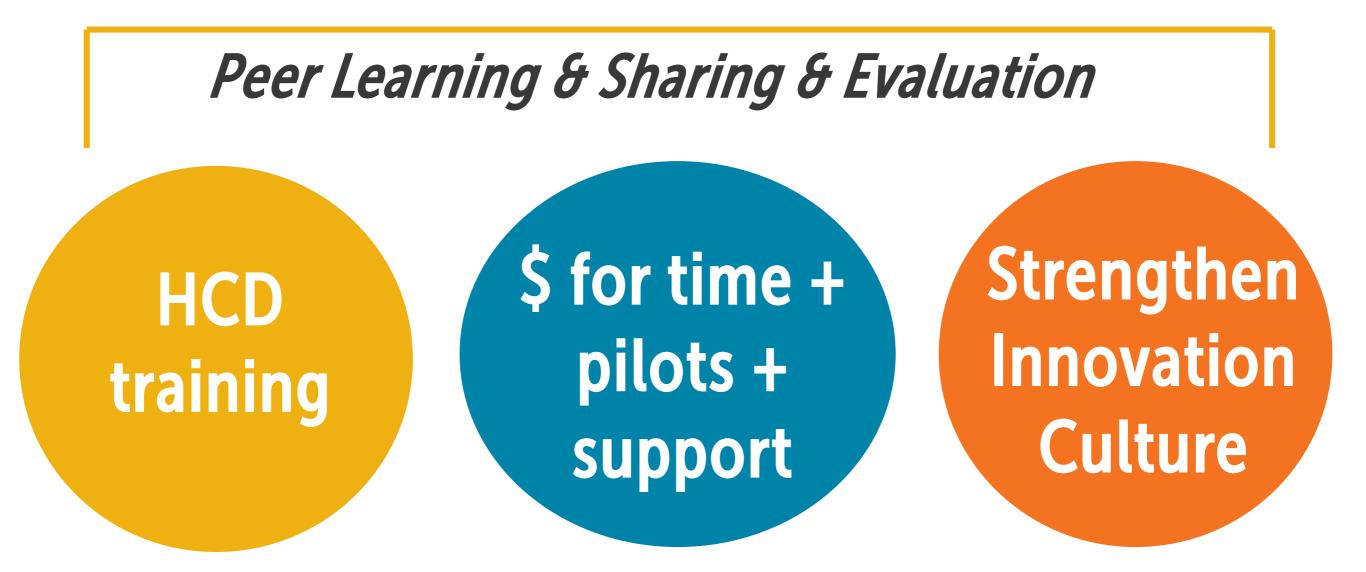


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# Funding + Training + Assistance supported by Learning Network





**CENTER FOR CARE INNOVATIONS** 

# **Catalyst Training**

# Core Teamis trainedin HCD

- 1. Support is not over. We will be identifying ways to keep supporting & sharing tools
- 2. CCI Academy learning & discussion forum
- **3. Web portal tools for HCD**



# Funding Support for core team & pilots



- Opportunity to apply for funds for specific technology pilots (up to \$75K) – released 2/21
- 2. SOLVE Health to provide metric support
- 3. Prime Health workshop
- 4. Webinars & tech company exposure



**CENTER FOR CARE INNOVATIONS** 

# **Strengthen Innovation Community**

Conferences& site visits to& strengthenstrengthennetwork

- 1. Meeting with RAE's (March 9)
- 2. Partner with Innovation Learning Network (June 16-18)
- 3. Partner with Prime Health Summit in July
- 4. Consider site visits



## **Your Forever Resource Guide**



## Thank you



LET'S CHAT

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