S Building Capacity Block by Block: Team-based care

How are grantees improving team-based care?

Strengthening & standardizing the care team

- Observing and mapping current roles in order to standardize them
- Devising workflows for medical assistants (MAs), nurses, and others for pre-visit planning huddles
- Piloting different roles and testing them at different sites
- Training office staff and MAs in roles and process for moving a patient through the clinic step-by-step
- Working to overcome the challenge of finding time for warm hand-offs between team members by standardizing scheduling templates

Implementing RN-led chronic care visits for HTN and/or DM management

- Piloting different role descriptions and processes surrounding the visits
- Finalizing hypertension (HTN) protocols and procedures
- Training RNs in empowering patients to selfmanage and/or in medication titration
- Triaging patients to see RNs based on patient need

Utilizing pharmacists in primary care

- Partnering with Health Plans to update formularies to better serve the patients
- Using pharmacists for medication adherence and medication therapy management visits

What is the range of team-based care scores by question?

At mid-initiative (May 2018), there was a wide variety of capacity across health centers and clinics. (N=62 health center organizations and hospital sites).

See reverse side for full wording of the six questions in this domain.

Legend: • Minimum • Average • Maximum

Non-physician team members perform key clinical service roles

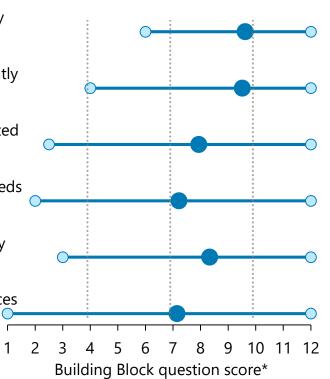
Providers & clinical support staff consistently work with same people

Workflows for clinical teams are documented & standardized

The practice routinely assesses training needs & provides appropriate training

Standing orders exist & can be acted on by non-physicians under protocol

The organization's hiring & training practices support & sustain improvements in care

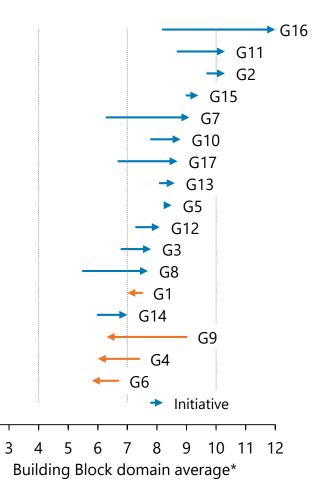


How have team-based care domain averages changed over time?

12 of 17 grantees (G1-G17) reported improved scores at mid-initiative since baseline.

Length of arrow = amount of change over time

Legend: < Decrease O No change Increase



Level of capacity	*Score (scale 1-12)					
A (highest)	10-12					
В	7-9					
С	4-6					
D (lowest)	1-3					

PHASE Building Blocks Assessment: Team-based care (TBC)

		Level D Level C			Level B			Level A					
22. Non-physician practice	play a limited role in providing clinical			are primarily tasked with managing			provide some clinical services such as			perform key clinical service roles that match			
team members	care.	re. r			patient flow and triage.			assessment or self-management			their abilities and credentials.		
				-			support.						
Score	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
23. Providers (Physicians,	work in different pairings every day.		are arranged in teams but are			consistently work with a small group			consistently work with the same provider/				
NP/PAs) and clinical support				frequently reassigned.			of providers or clinical support staff in a			clinical support staff person almost every day.			
staff							team.						
Score	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
24. Workflows for clinical	have not been documented and/or are			have been documented, but are not			have been documented and are			have been documented, are utilized to			
teams	different for each person or team.			used to standardize workflows across the			utilized to standardize practice.			standardize workflows, and are evaluated and			
				practice.						modified on a regular basis.			
Score	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
25. The practice	does not ha	ave an organi	zed approach	routinely assesses training needs and			routinely assesses training needs,			routinely assesses training needs, assures			
	to identify or	meet the tra	ining needs	assures that staff are appropriately trained for their roles and responsibilities.			assures that staff are appropriately			that staff are appropriately trained for their			
	for providers	and other sta	aff.				trained for their roles and responsibilities, and provides some			roles and responsibilities, and provides cross			
										training to assure that patient needs are			
					cross training to permit staffing				ing	consistently met.			
							flexibility.						
Score	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
26. Standing orders that can	do not exist for the practice.			have been developed for some			have been developed for some			have been developed for many conditions			
be acted on by non-				conditions but are not regularly used.			conditions and are regularly used.			and are used extensively.			
physicians under protocol													
Score	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
27. The organization's hiring	focus only	on the narrov	vly defined	reflect how potential hires will affect the			place a priority on the ability of new			support and sustain improvements in care			
and training processes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			culture and participate in quality			and existing staff to improve care and			through training and incentives focused on			
				improvement activities.			create a patient-centered culture.			rewarding patient-centered care.			
Score	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	

Adapted by the Center for Community Health and Evaluation for Kaiser Permanente's PHASE initiative with permission from Center for Excellence in Primary Care (CEPC) and Building Clinic Capacity for Quality (BCCQ) Program, October 2016. Scale: Level D: score of 1-3 (lowest capacity) ||| Level C: score of 4-6 ||| Level B: score of 7-9 ||| Level A: score of 10-12 (highest capacity)