



## **Axis Community Health**

### **PHLN Year 2 Project Aim**

Develop registry to identify patients w/:

- 1+ Behavioral Health Visit (6 month look back)
- Diagnosis of depression
- PHQ-9 score of 15 or above

Report generated for the past 3 consecutive months.

### **Measures for Success**

To have the ability to:

- <u>Track patient scores</u> throughout treatment
- <u>Examine</u> data to identify patients whose depression is not improving
- Adjust treatment as needed
- <u>Measure</u> improvements



### **Our Team**

- Quality Enhancement / Data Analytics
  - o Amit Pabla, MHA
  - Afsheen Islam, MHA
- Behavioral Health Lead
  - o Dr. Jennifer Penney
- Consulting Psychiatrist
  - o Dr. Jerry Ngo
- Integrated Behavioral Health Providers
  - 16 licensed providers at 4 locations



# Changes

### **Tested by:**

- **Discovering** new Epic Reporting capabilities as of January 2019
- **Brainstorming** new opportunities and limitations with Dr. Raney
- **Utilizing** a workgroup with our Consulting **Psychiatrists**
- **Determining** what data is most beneficial for the team



### Implemented by adding:

- PHQ-9 score changes month to month for patients in treatment
- Quick identifiers to determine whether a patient's score has worsened or improved
- Added current psychotropic medication to the report in order to identify any impact to score as medication is adjusted
- **Provided report** to providers initially, and later to consulting psychiatrist also
- One-on-one meetings between the consulting psychiatrist and the treating BH provider



### **Using Data for Improvement**

#### **Data Collected:**

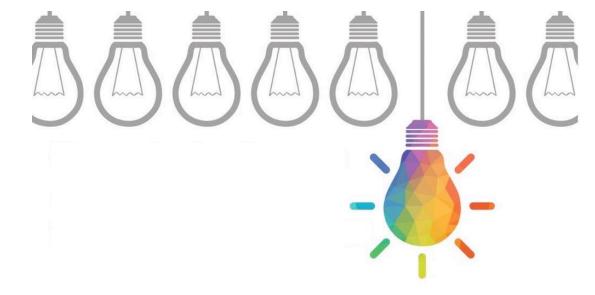
- Reporting Period: 4/1/19 to 9/30/19
- 15 behavioral health providers
- 207 patients
- 115 patients with only 1 PHQ-9 Score
- 92 patients with 2 or more PHQ-9 Scores
  - 59 patients whose score improved (by 1-19 points)
    - 16 improved by 50% or more
    - 43 improved by less than 50%
  - 26 patients whose score worsened (by 1-20 points)
  - 7 patients whose score was constant

#### **Data Resulted:**

• By identifying patients whose PHQ-9 scores were getting worse and adjusting their treatment plans accordingly



## **Strategies for Success**



- Utilized our Coach, Dr. Raney, to focus on a specific subset of our overall behavioral health patient population and learn from best practices (e.g. AIMS Institute).
- Discussed data with providers during staff meetings to determine tracking which variables were most useful.

- Collaborated with **OCHIN Reporting Analysts** to discuss ways to innovate report to maximize use of key performance indicators.
- Utilized our **Consulting Psychiatrist** to 4 advocate for change in treatment - discuss therapeutic strategy with therapists, and medication intervention with PCPs.



## **Key Tools & Resources**







#### **Epic Resources:**

**OCHIN** Report Analysts

**Depression Registry** 

#### **CCI Resources:**

Coach Dr. Raney

**IBH Affinity Groups** 

#### **Axis Resources:**

**IBH Team** 

**Consulting Psychiatrist** 

Quality Enhancement Team



## **Next Steps**



- Pull more **general data**:
  - PHQ-9 & Depression Diagnosis
  - No IBH visits in the past year
  - Psychotropic medication, if prescribed







- **Automate** reports on a monthly basis
- Organize and auto-distribute to an internal drive monthly, reviewed by IBH management and dispersed to staff.
- Consulting psychiatrist now has standing meeting times to discuss results with therapists (consulting psychiatrist position is funded through the county).
- **Feedback** can be given directly to patients. Providers have been trained on using graphic screening reports on EPIC.



<sup>\*</sup>Patients with high scores will be outreached by our care coordinators so that we can get them connected with treatment.

# **Current Challenges**



A large portion of our IBH patients receive psychiatric treatment outside of our organization, therefore, it is **difficult to connect** with these providers in order to influence changes to medication.

Providers tend to become **overwhelmed by the data** and this can lead to under-utilization. We'd like to be able to develop an automated process to identify only clinically significant change, or lack of change in scores.

