



Workshop Agenda

- 1. What Is Human-Centered Design and Why Co-Design with Patients?
- 2. Co-Design in Action: LAC+USC's Experience
- 3. Q&A
- 4. Co-Design Activity: Journey Mapping
- 5. Reflection & Resources

Learning Objectives

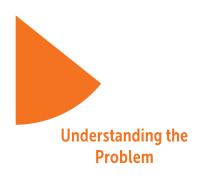
Learn what humancentered design is.

- Hear an example of how co-design has been used for improving MAT services.
- Learn how to use humancentered design to engage patients.
- Experience one design activity that can be used in a future co-design session.
- Understand the basic steps to co-designing and examples of how to begin co-designing with patients.
- Take away practical resources and techniques to use immediately!

What Is Human-Centered Design and Why Co-Design with Patients?

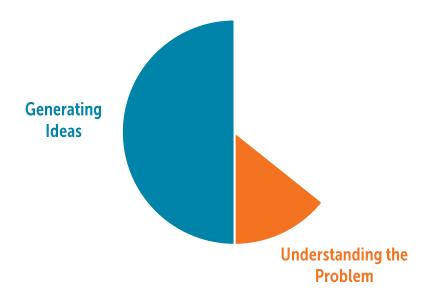


How we've traditionally worked (more or less)



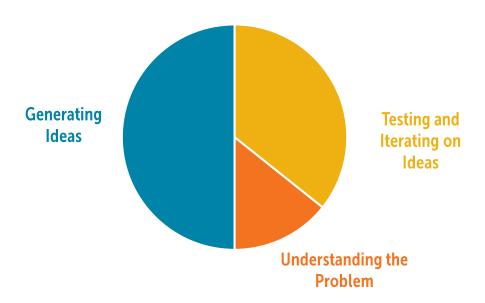


How we've traditionally worked (more or less)



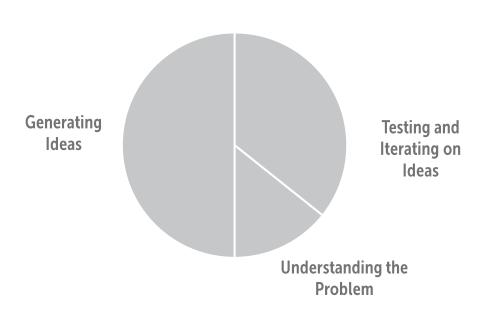


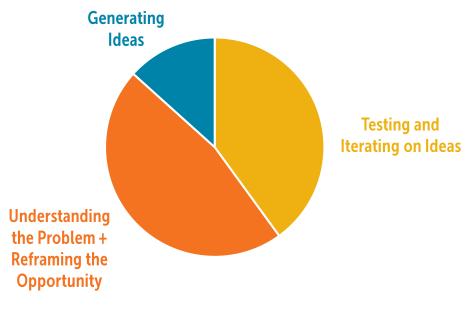
How we've traditionally worked (more or less)





In HCD, we spend more time exploring the problem...







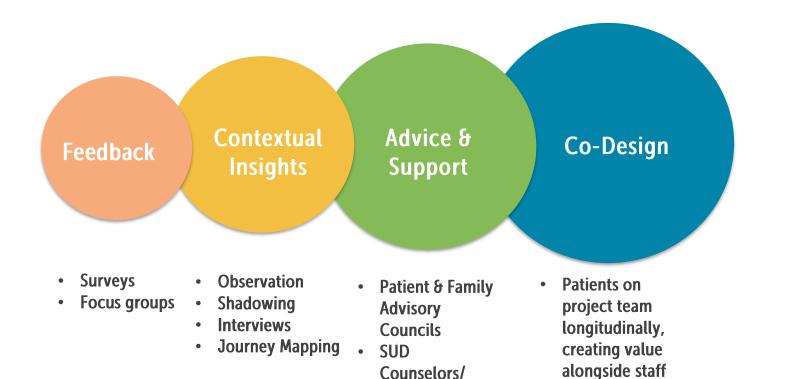
"I learned that human-centered innovation is more than a tool or 'solution', it is a way of thinking about and approaching a problem, a way of framing solutions... then trying them to learn with real end-users in their real environment"

– CCI Program Participant





Leveraging Patient Voice



Peer Navigators

Low Engagement

High Engagement

Why Co-Design with Patients?

Build stronger relationships with patients.

- Transform care in a way that truly matters to patients.
- Build a deeper relationship and trust with patients.
- Patients appreciate sharing their stories and ideas.

Better problem solving.

- Reduces risk and waste of resources.
- Help prioritize what problems to address
- Challenge what you "know" and assume to be true
- Encourages radical thinking and creativity.



Anyone can do this... be creative. listen. have humility.

- You don't need to be an expert to do this work!
- Be curious, ask questions & learn.
- Start small with the resources you have.
- Be visual and make things tangible.
- Show your work to peers early and often. Be open to feedback.
- Consider how relatable you are.



- **Understand the Problem**
- **Generate Ideas**
- **Test Ideas**
- 4 **Iterate on Ideas**



- **Understand the Problem**

- Interview patients and health center staff to learn about their experience
- Shadow patients during their clinic visit
- Home visit to better understand the patient's at-home environment
- Review data from patient surveys, patient advisory councils and patient portals



- **Generate Ideas**

- Recruit a diverse group of patients to participate with living and/or lived experience of health concern
- Host a co-design session with patients to brainstorm and prioritize ideas



- **Test Ideas**

- Have patients engage with & experience the idea(s)
- Gather feedback on the idea(s): what went well and what could be better?



- 4 Iterate on Ideas

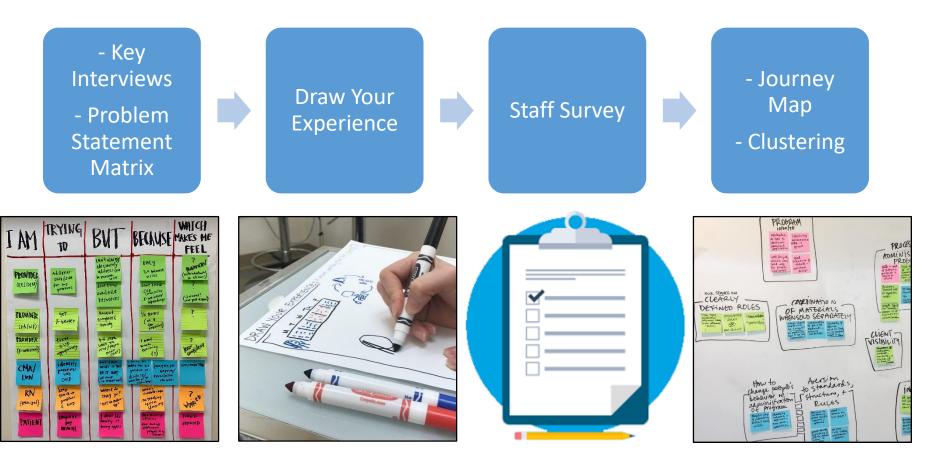
- Go back to designing the solution idea so that it addresses patients' feedback
- Share updates with the patients you engaged during Step 1 & 2 to let them know they were a vital part of making this happen!







Human Centered Design Timeline





Journey Map: Patient with OUD



Whose Journey?

An aggregate of patient stories gathered via key interviews and drawn experiences

Whose Input?

Key MAT Team Members:

- SUD-C
- Social Workers
 - PCPs
 - Nurses

Journey Map: Patient with OUD



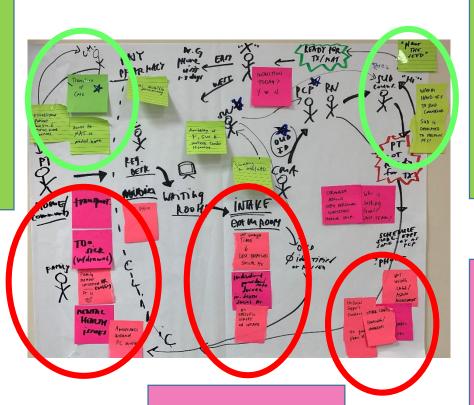
Journey Map: Key Insights

STRENGTH

- Build on current transitions of care processes
- Improve access
- Proactively reach out to patients

CHALLENGE

 Less control over external factors, maybe not best place to start – prioritize!



OPPORTUNITY

Improve screening and identification of OUD

STRENGTH

- Build ALL staff capacity
- Connect SUDC to patient earlier in journey

OPPORTUNITY

- Meet patient where they are
- Keep patient engaged



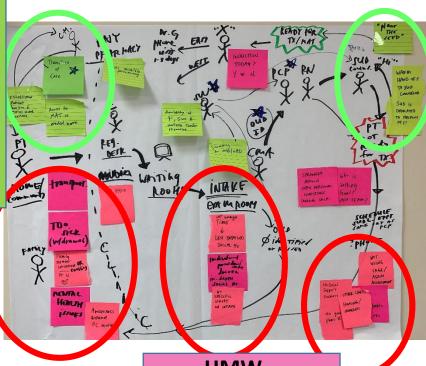
Journey Map: How Might We...

HMW...

 Improve TOC from acute settings to primary care for OUD/ MAT patients?

CHALLENGE

 Less control over external factors, maybe not best place to start – prioritize!



HMW...

Better identify
 patients who
 might benefit
 from MAT
 without causing
 more chaos?

HMW...

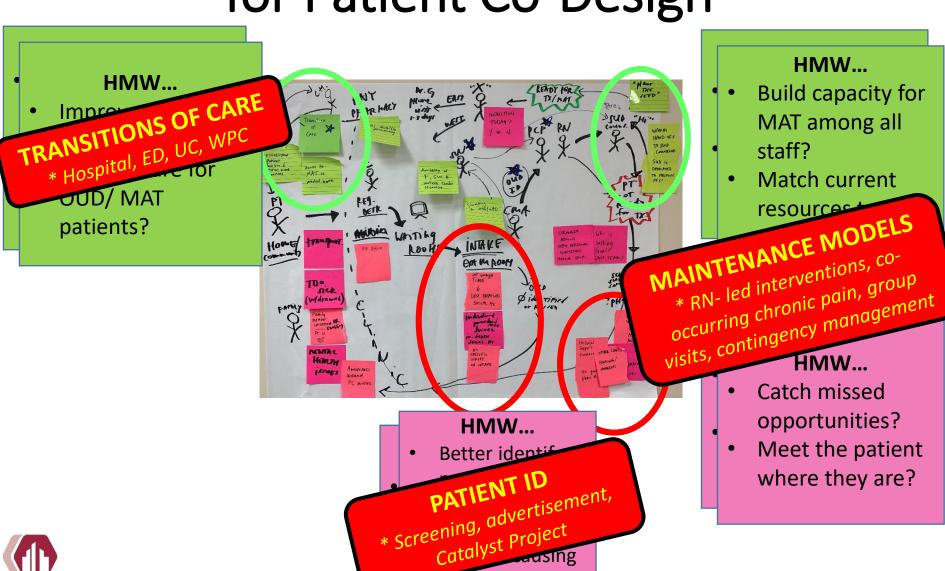
- Build capacity for MAT among all
- staff?
 - Match current resources to patient needs?

HMW...

- Catch missed opportunities?
- Meet the patient where they are?



Journey Map: Next Steps for Patient Co-Design



more chaos?









What's a Journey Map?

- A flow chart of a user's experience
- Made up of core activities
- Layered with important information like feelings, interactions, and pain points



When to Use Journey Mapping?

Understand the Problem

Helps to visualize the patient experience

Generate Ideas

Identify opportunities for improvement & generate ideas with patients!

- **Test Ideas**
- 4 **Iterate on Ideas**



Why Use A Journey Map?

- Infuses process with human stories
- Makes user experience tangible and easy to share
- Weaves different kinds of information into one diagram
- Offers spring board for solutions and strategy



Journey Map Elements

Y-Axis:

- Emotions
- Pain Points
- Questions That Arise
- Quotes
- Influencers
- Motivations



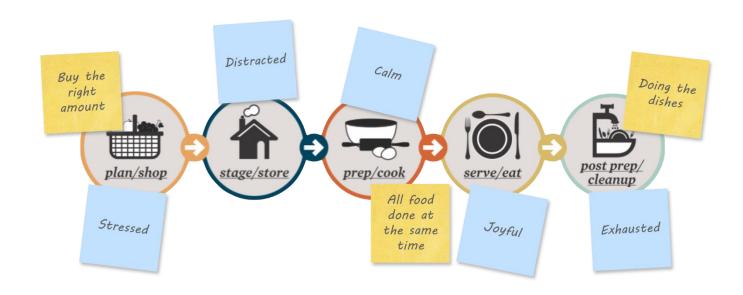


Journey Map Example: Cooking Dinner



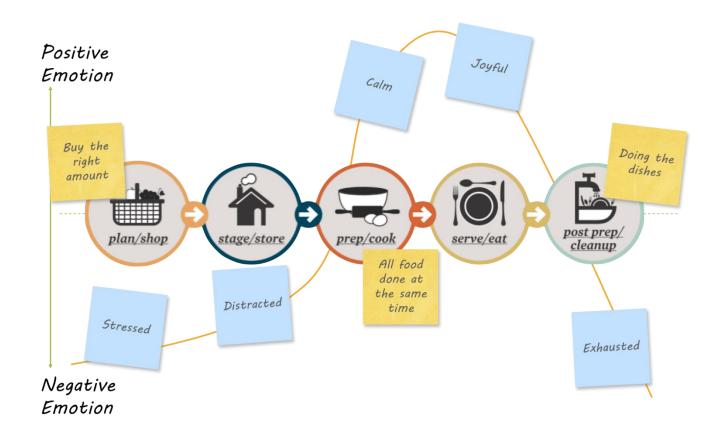


Journey Map Example: Cooking Dinner





Journey Map Example: Cooking Dinner





Tre Visit (Prep) HV#2-5 Groals

robrim Life Calendar Facilitator a) Colored pencils

-pull up "Activity" -mark facilitatorin Parsimmony mini folder pull visit makerials from During

1) Health Assessment a) vitals b) update appts OFR visits

- 2) Review a) triplicate form
- 3) (It to pic Smart Goals
 4) Program Topic

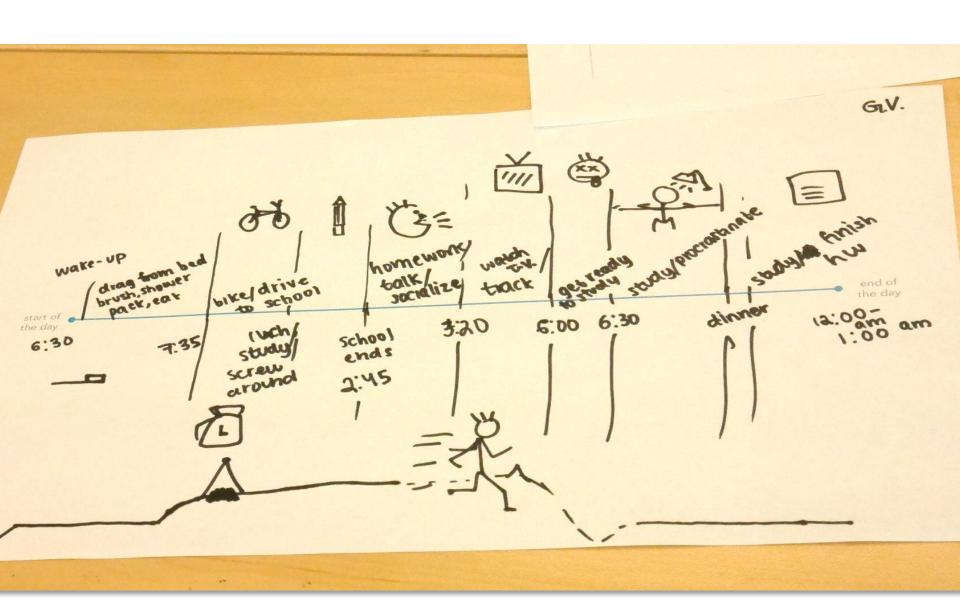
Find The

Post (multiple)

- 1) Persimmony a) Pocument
- 2) Other (long Prep)
- 3.) ETO Forms > Larrett White copy HV form- Paper Chart



drawers







Tips & Tricks

- Interviews and observations are your foundation
- Start simply, then add on and remake the map as you learn
- Display relevant information thoughtfully and creatively
- Show users your map to get feedback



Activity - Journey Map



- 1. Break into a group of 4-5 new friends.
- 2. Pick an individual to act as the MAT patient.
- 3. Think about their journey of getting a suboxone refill FOR THE FIRST TIME. List key activities that the patient would do.
- 4. Order them from left to right.
- 5. Label "stages" of related activities.
- 6. Add in "layers" of information:
 - Emotions, pain points, quotes, etc.



Journey Map Elements

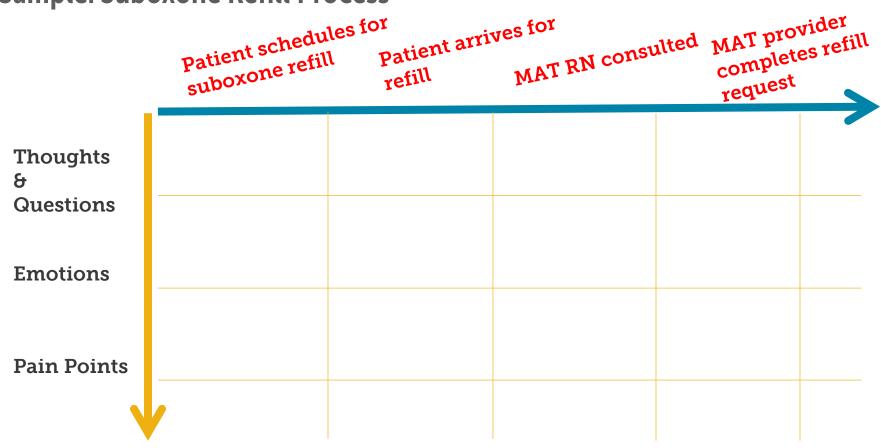
Y-Axis:

- Emotions
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- Questions That Arise
- Quotes
- Influencers
- Motivations





Sample: Suboxone Refill Process





Review Your Journey Map

- What was one surprising thing you gathered from this activity?
- Which step includes the most pain points or negative emotions?
- Which step includes the most questions?

Answering these questions will help you identify your opportunities for improvement, where you can begin idea generation!



What's After Journey Mapping?

Understand the Problem

Generate Ideas

Identify opportunities for improvement & generate ideas with patients!

- **Test Ideas**
- 4 **Iterate on Ideas**



Tips for Your Next Co-Design Session



Consider
accessibility &
logistics of
session: timing,
food, day-care,
incentives?



Acknowledge that this is your first time doing this and it's a learning process for everyone!



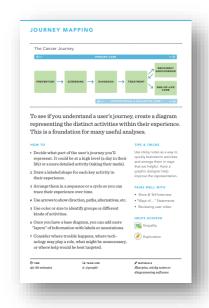
Include fun, tactical activities that would spark creativity and help break the ice.



Seek feedback from participants on how the session could go better next time.



Resources



Human-Centered Design Method Cards



Journey Mapping Webinar





Stay Connected!

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